

# Learning Dynamic Bayesian Networks: Algorithms and Issues

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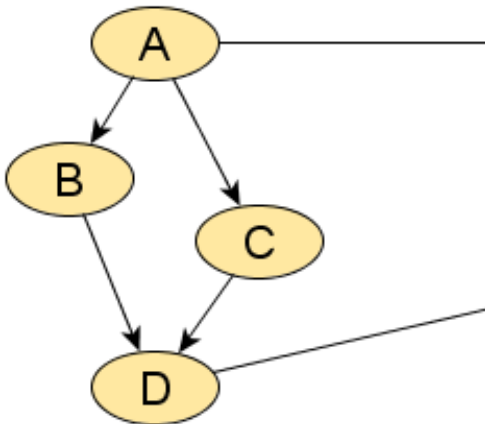
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# Introduction

- Part 1: Background
  - Dynamic Bayesian Networks
  - DBN Learning
- Part 2: Our Research
  - CaMML DBN Learning
  - Experimental Evaluation

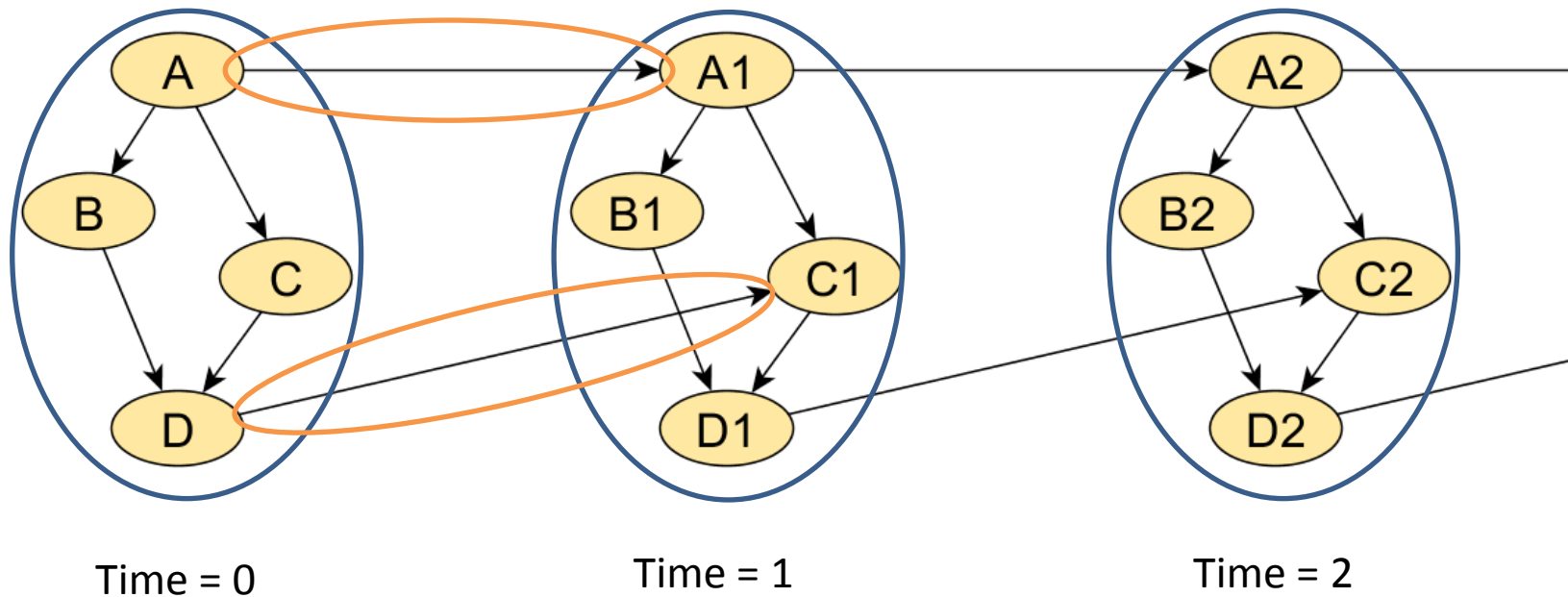
# Dynamic Bayesian Networks

- Extension of BNs to time domain
- Why DBNs?
  - Temporal aspect to data or underlying process
  - Prediction over time



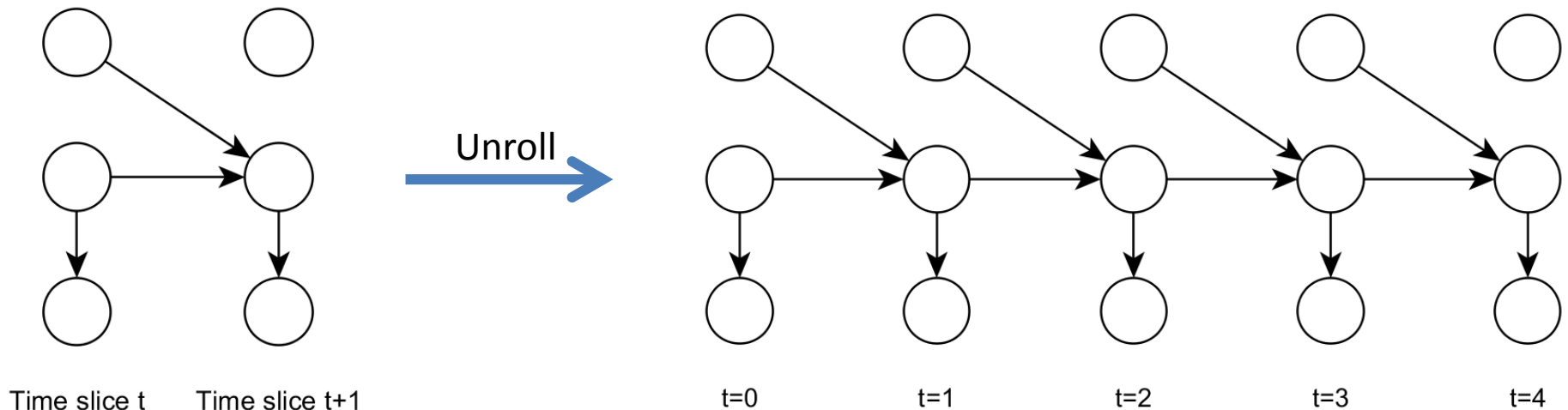
# Dynamic Bayesian Networks

- Structure: same for all time steps
- Arcs span at most one time step
- Discrete data



# 2 Time Slice DBN

- Simplifies learning and representation
  - Learn  $t=0$  and  $t=T+1$  arcs/parameters
- For prediction
  - Unroll DBN



# Learning Dynamic Bayesian Networks

Two learning approaches:

- Constraint Based
  - MIT, PC
  - Uses conditional independence tests
- Metric based - 'Search and Score'
  - BIC, BDe, CaMML
  - Sample model space, score whole network

# Learning DBNs

- BIC – Bayesian Information Criterion
- BDe
- MIT – Mutual Information Test
- CaMML – Causal Minimum Message Length

Static BN learners can be used

## Implementations

- Research software
  - Variety of languages, input and output formats
- Issues: Maintenance? Documentation? GUI? Limitations?

# Using Static BN Learners for DBNs

- Create new data set: Duplicate variables, offset by 1
  - Use tier prior constraints if available. (PC/Tetrad, CaMML)

Time	X	Y	Z
0	true	yes	high
1	false	yes	low
2	false	no	medium
3	false	no	low
4	true	yes	medium
...	...	...	...
N-2	false	yes	medium
N-1	true	yes	high



Time	X0	Y0	Z0	X1	Y1	Z1
0	true	yes	high	true	yes	high
1	false	yes	low	false	yes	low
2	false	no	medium	false	no	medium
3	false	no	low	false	no	low
4	true	yes	medium	true	yes	medium
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
N-2	false	yes	medium	false	yes	medium

- Why have separate DBN learners?
  - Computational speed
  - Improved results



# **PART 2: RESEARCH**

# Our Research: CaMML DBN Learning

CaMML – Causal Minimum Message Length

- Capable BN learner
- Extended for learning DBNs

Minimum Message Length:

- Information theoretic approach to statistical and inductive inference.

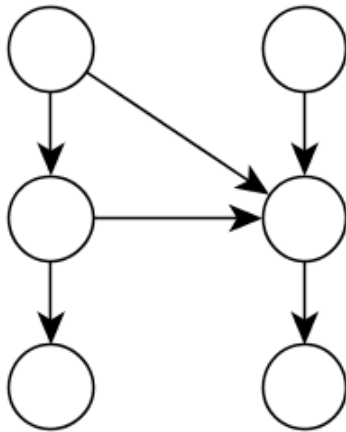
# DBN Learning Algorithms

Q: How well do they work in practice?

Algorithm	Software	Notes
CaMML – DBN Learner	CaMML	
CaMML – BN Learner	CaMML	BN learner with tier prior
MIT	GlobalMIT	No intraslice arcs
BDe	Banjo	No parameters
BIC (2-Step)	Bayes Net Toolbox	Learn interslice + interslice arcs separately. Not ideal. No complete BIC implementation available.
PC	Tetrad	BN learner with tier prior

# Experimental Design

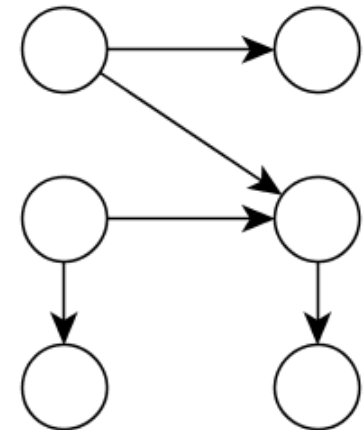
Goal: Evaluate performance of DBN learning algorithms



Step 1: Start with existing DBN

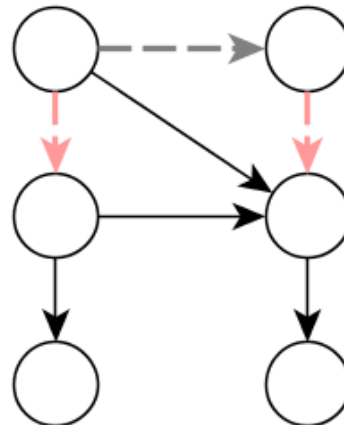
Time	X	Y	Z
0	true	yes	high
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3	false	no	low
4	true	yes	medium
...	...	...	...
N	false	yes	medium

Step 2: Generate Data



Step 3: Re-learn DBN using each algorithm

Our Experiments:  
7 DBNs with  
6 to 28 variables



Step 4: Compare

# Evaluating BNs/DBNs

- Edit Distance
  - Score 1 for every arc error
- Kullback-Leibler (KL) Divergence
- Causal Kullback-Leibler (CKL) Divergence

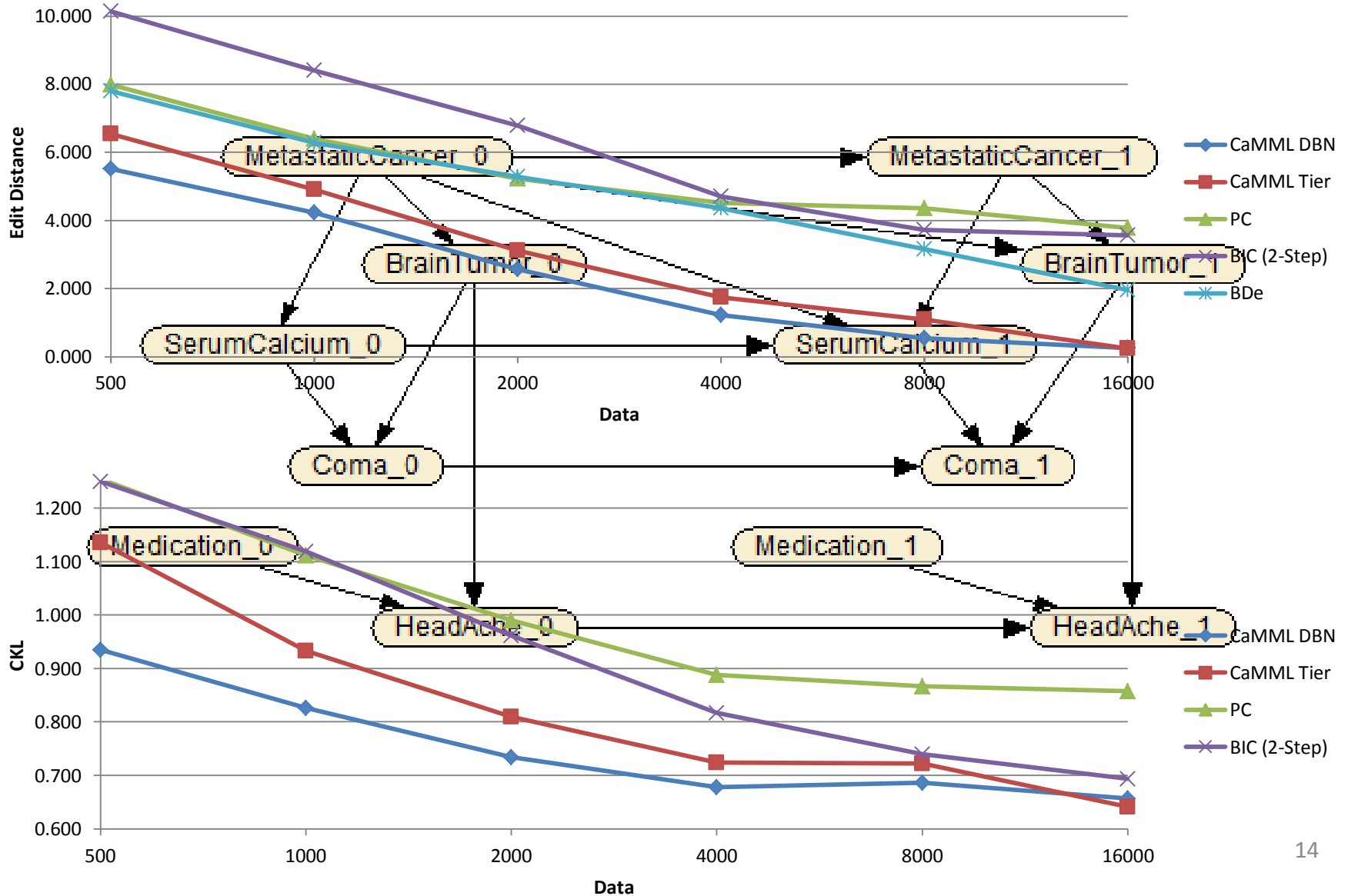
# KL Divergence & CKL

- Kullback-Leiber Divergence

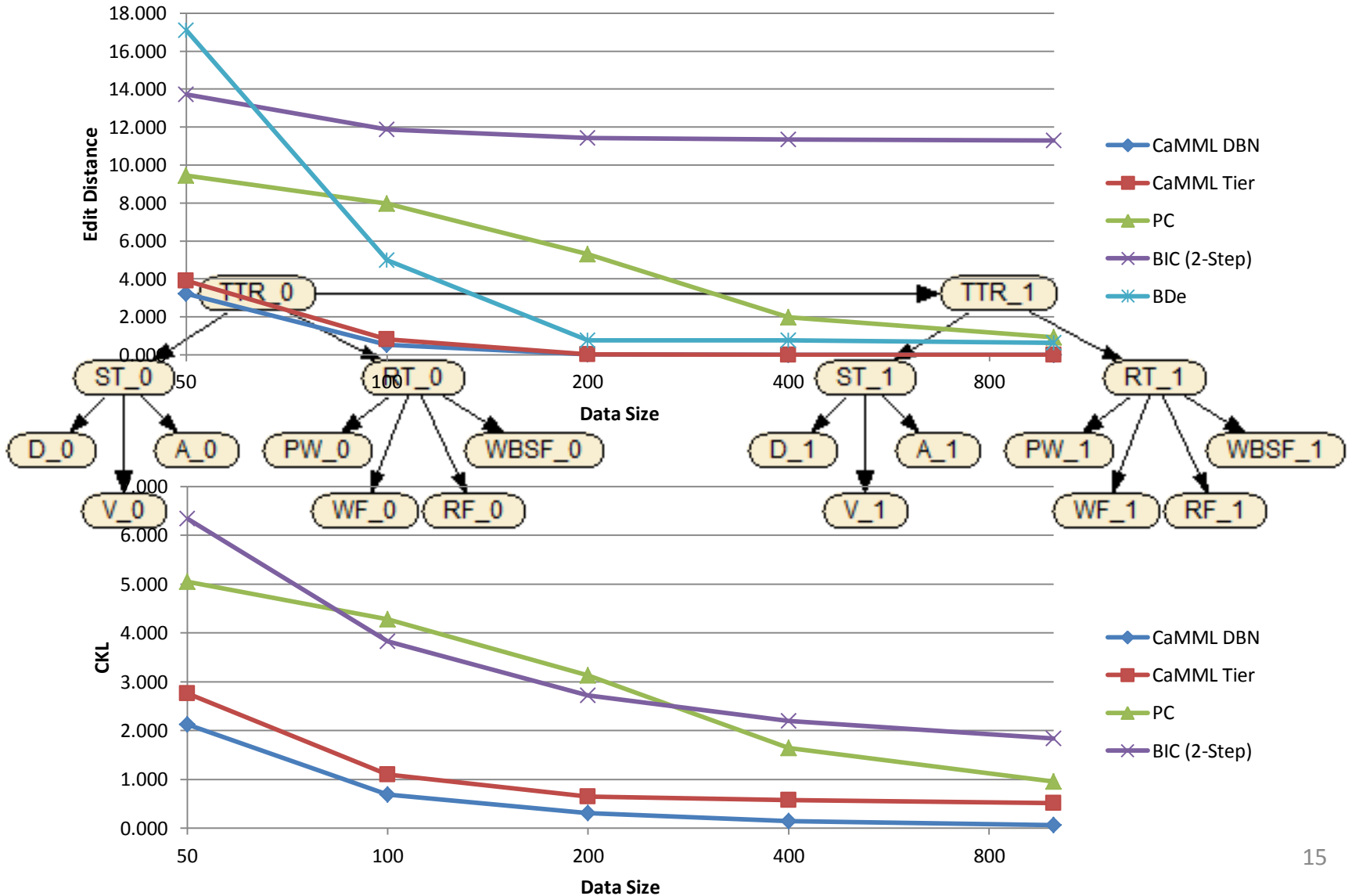
$$D_{KL}(P||Q) = \sum_i P(x_i) \log_e \left( \frac{P(x_i)}{Q(x_i)} \right)$$

- Difference between probability distributions
  - But: Ignores network structure
- 
- Causal Kullback-Leibler Divergence
    - Both structure and probability

# Results – Metastatic Cancer DBN



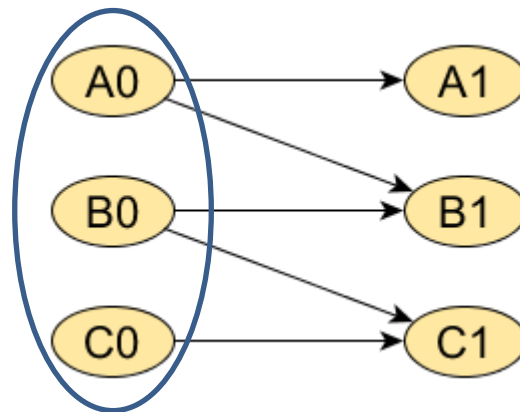
# Results – Threat DBN



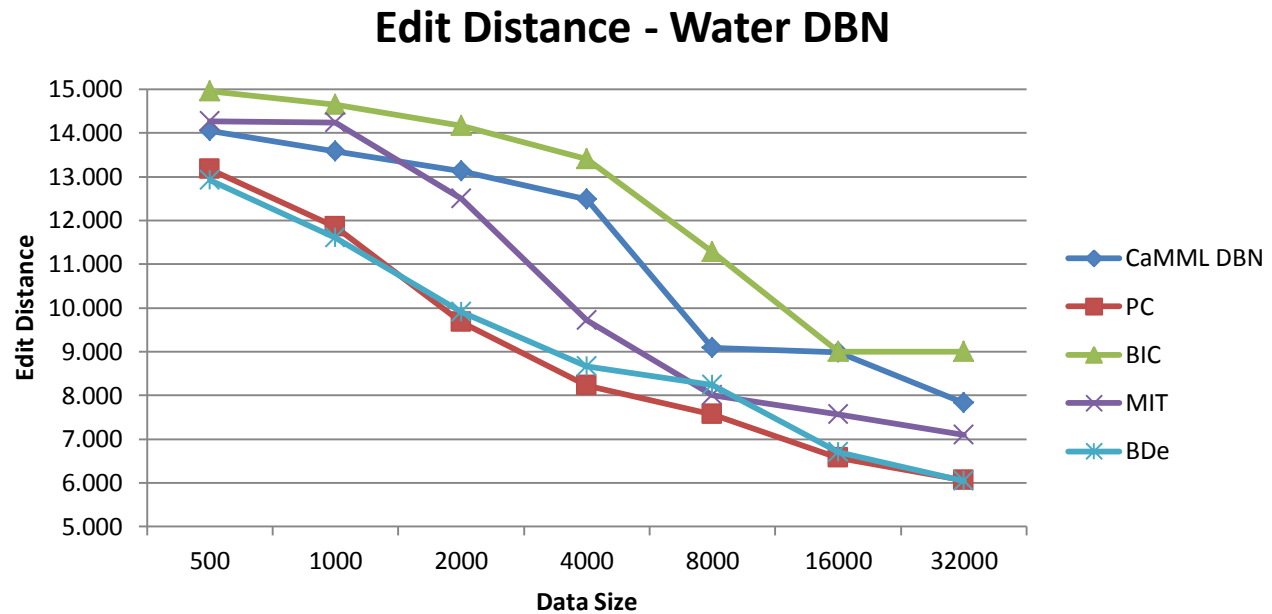
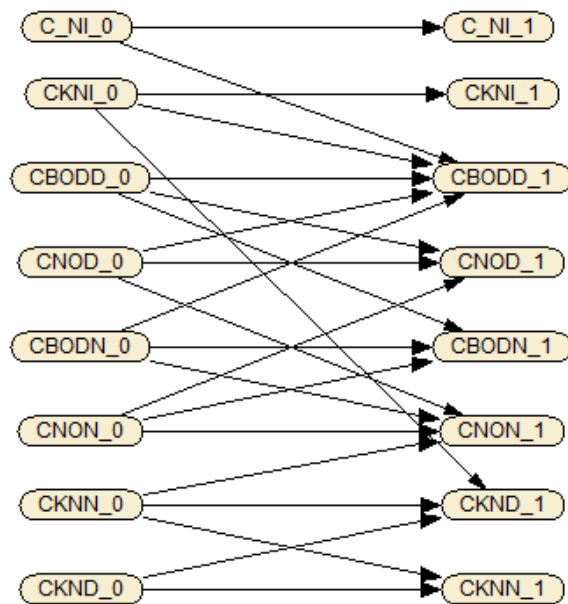


# DBNs: No Arcs Within Time Slice

- Some learners: no arcs within time slice
  - MIT, some BIC and BDe software
  - Common in bioinformatics
- Assumption holds: Good results, fast
- Assumption violated: Poor results

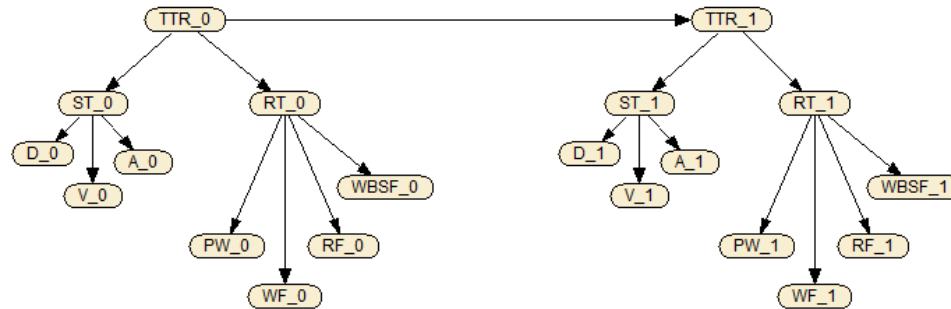


# Learning DBNs: No Arcs Within Time Slices

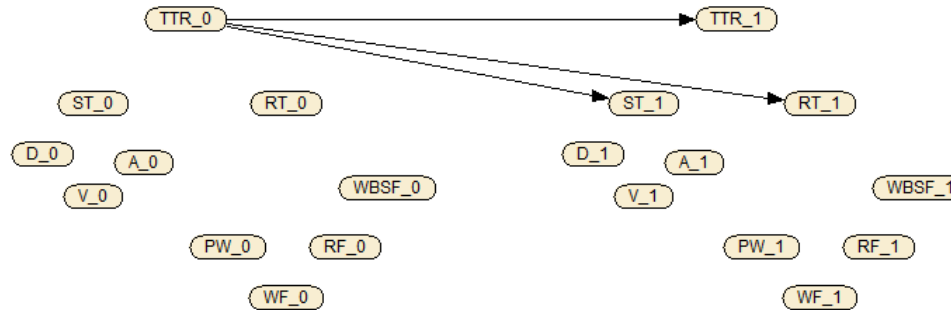


# No Intraslice Arcs: Invalid Assumption

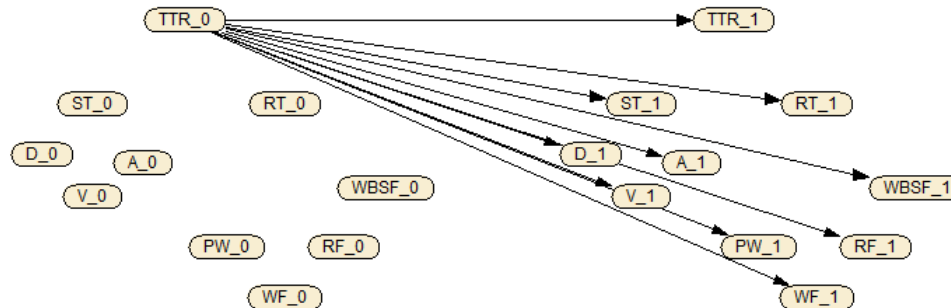
True Network



MIT, BDe  
data = 100 obs.



BIC, MIT, BDe  
data = 1000 obs.



# Summary of DBN Learning Results

- CaMML DBN learner
  - Better performance than other algorithms
  - Conservative: Errors mostly due to missing arcs
- BDe: Can overfit with small data sets.
- No arcs within time slice:
  - Some BIC/BDe implementations may be much faster
  - Poor results if assumption does not hold

# Final Thoughts

- CaMML

Supports BN and DBN learning

[bayesian-intelligence.com/software/](http://bayesian-intelligence.com/software/)

- Paper on CaMML / DBN Learning – 2014

- Practical applications of CaMML DBN underway

- Learning DBNs? Time series data? Talk to us.

# DBN Structure Learning Software

Name	Structure Learning	Parameter Learning	DBN Algorithms	GUI	URL
CaMML	Yes	Yes	CaMML	Yes	<a href="http://bayesian-intelligence.com">bayesian-intelligence.com</a>
Bayes Net Toolbox*	Partial <sup>1</sup> /2-Step <sup>1</sup> Yes <sup>2</sup>	Yes	BIC <sup>1,2</sup> , BDe <sup>2</sup>	No	<a href="http://code.google.com/p/bnt/">code.google.com/p/bnt/</a>
BNFinder	Partial <sup>1</sup>	?	BIC, BDe, MIT	No	<a href="http://bioputer.mimuw.edu.pl/software/bnf/">bioputer.mimuw.edu.pl/software/bnf/</a>
GlobalMIT*	Partial <sup>1</sup>	No	MIT	No	<a href="http://code.google.com/p/globalmit/">code.google.com/p/globalmit/</a>
Tetrad	No/Manual <sup>3</sup>	Yes	(PC, others)	Yes	<a href="http://www.phil.cmu.edu/tetrad/">www.phil.cmu.edu/tetrad/</a>
GeNIe	No/Manual <sup>3,4</sup>	Yes	(PC, K2, other)	Yes	<a href="http://genie.sis.pitt.edu">genie.sis.pitt.edu</a>
Banjo	Yes	No	BDe	No	<a href="http://cs.duke.edu/~amink/software/banjo/">cs.duke.edu/~amink/software/banjo/</a>

Kevin Murphy's Bayesian Network Software List:

<http://people.cs.ubc.ca/~murphyk/Software/bnsoft.html>

\* Requires Matlab. GlobalMIT: May be possible to use Octave (free) instead of Matlab

<sup>1</sup> Supports DBN learning with interslice arcs only (i.e. no arcs within time slices)

<sup>2</sup> With DBmcmc extension ([bioss.ac.uk/~dirk/software/DBmcmc/](http://bioss.ac.uk/~dirk/software/DBmcmc/)) but binary/ternary data/attributes only

<sup>3</sup> No official support for learning DBNs. Can adapt BN algorithms using tier priors etc.

<sup>4</sup> DBN parameter learning, but no structure learning. Supports DBN inference, unrolling etc.

# References

- Friedman, N., K. Murphy, and S. Russell (1998). *Learning the structure of dynamic probabilistic networks*. 14<sup>th</sup> UAI, pp. 139–147.
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- Vinh, N. et al (2011). GlobalMIT: learning globally optimal dynamic bayesian network with the mutual information test criterion. *Bioinformatics*, Vol. 27 no. 19, pp. 2765–2766